THE TIMES-DISPATCH

64th YEAR

NUMBER 19,841.

RICHMOND, VA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1914. —TWELVE PAGES

PRICE. 2 CENTS

## FIGHTING PROCEEDS WITH RENEWED FURY, GERMAN FORCES RESISTING DESPERATE

#### BATTLE IS RAGING ALONG 110-MILE FRONT IN FRANCE

500,000 Reinforcement for Allies, Engaged.

INVADERS FEROCIOUSLY STRIVE TO PREVENT ROUT

ing Dogged Resistance at Every Step.

ent Engagement May Prove the Decisive One.

while the French, supporting it on the left and right, have been engaged only intermittently thus far.

The German losses have been heavy.
The Gritish centre captured 200 prisoners during the day. Many detached bodies of the invaders have been abandoned to be taken as prisoners by the allies, and numerous groups of straguilles, seek the true paths of progress, and have a passionate regard for the rights of humanity.

"It is a matter of erofound pride to me that I am permitted for a time to a specific seek." shausted and hungered state.

orth and west of Rheims; another line which deems itself wronged uns from the district north of Ville-sur-Tourbe to the west of the Argonne THOUGHTFUL CONSIDE

this victory of the allied forces.

oint at which the battle is now to the commission's statement, presentof General Von Kluk's army and that of General Von Buclow, ed to Fresident Wilson by Carton de man.

"Fig. 2. The commission's statement, presentman.
"Fig. 2. The commission's statement, part of that of General Von Buelow, bas bee reinforced by practically all of the army of invasion remaining east "Excellency:

"Excellency: "Excellency: "Excellency: "It's Majorly, the Ki

### WILSON RECEIVES **BELGIAN PROTEST** AGAINST GERMANY

Armies of 2,000,000, With He Hears Commission Sent by King Albert to State

> MANY CRIMES AGAINST CIVILIZATION ARE CITED

Steadily Forced Back, but Offer- Towns Destroyed, Civilians Slain and Defenseless Women and

HAVE ONE LINE OF RETREAT LOOKS TO UNITED STATES

Both Commanders Realize That Press President Promises That Grave Charges Shall Have His Thoughtful Consideration.

[Special Cable to The Times-Dispatch.]
PARIS. September 16.—The rearguard engagement, upon which the German retreating right wing entered on Monday, September 14, has developed into what promises to be the decisive battle of the campaign in France.
Fighting proceeded with remewed

into what promises to be the decisive battle of the campaign in France.

Fighting proceeded with renewed fury to-day all along the 110-mile battle front, in which nearly all of the 2,000,000 men of the rival armies, together with about 500,000 reinforcements to the allies, are engaged.

The Germans are fighting strictly on the defensive, battling feroclously to prevent the utter rout of the armies whose realignment their covering movement was designed to protect.

Though no definite results have come out of the three days' fighting, the enemy is being forced back steadily before the allied pressure, but is fighting with dogged resistance every mile of the way. The advance of the allies is described by the War Office as steady, but not rapid.

For the allies, the situation continues favorably generally. The Germans have delivered several counter-attacks, and have occupied several new positions, from which they have made occasional sallies, but always have been repulsed.

The British First Corps, under Lieu-

The British First Corps, under Lieutenant-General Sir Douglas Haig, the hero of Maubeuge and Guise, forms the centre of the allied line of attack north of the Alsne, and the brunt of the high has been forced on its front, while the French, supporting it on the left and right, have been engaged only intermittently thus far.

Mr. Wilson read his prepared reply:

"Permit me to say with what sincere pleasure I receive you as representatives of the King of the Belgians, a people for whom the people of the United States feel so strong a friend-ship and admiration, a king for whom they entertain so sincere a respect, and express my hope that we may have many opportunities of earning and deserving their regard.

king should have turned to me in time The battle front extends from the of distress as to one who would wish, egion of Noyon to the plateau north on behalf of the people he represents, f Vic-Sur-Saisne, and from Soissons, to consider the claims to the impartial Laon, to the heights sympathy of mankind of a nation of Rheims, another time, which deems itself wronged



Country's Case.

Children Outraged.



BELGIAY SOLDIERS, CUT OFF FROM THEIR REGIMENTS, LANDING AT OSTEND.

These soldiers know what it means to stand up before the grueling fire of the Germans. In the heat of battle they were cut off from their regiments around Namur and were compelled in order to rejoin their regiments to get back through France via Havre. The photo shows them landing at

## **GERMAN ATROCITIES**

King Albert Given to Public After Presentation to Wilson.

Alleged Massacres Without Provoca- Correspondent of Associated Press Believed in Diplomatic Circles That Former British Minister Can See No.

dren, Destruction of Towns and Other Outrages Recounted.

individual control and west of Rieman another into Arxivosta. The street of the west of th

met in the same spirit in as conceived and intended."

Her husband was carried to a point in another direction and fired on: he is only failed to substantiate these rumors, statement, present-burned the house of a railway water-the immediate vicinity who credited to substantiate these rumors, burned the house of a railway water-

has bee reinforced by practically all of the army of invasion remaining east of the forest of Argoine, while those occupying positions between the Argoine and the Meuse are preparing a second line of defense upon which the western division of the great army may retire if the allies advance cannot be halted.

Practically half a million fresh in left on the county of the great army may roughly half a million fresh in behind the French line to aid the now, fatigued, but still enthusiastically zealous allies on the first line.

de to frestion to the practical wilson by tarton de Wart, was as follows:

"Excellency:

"Is Majesty, the King of the Belsand Sequence of the Country of the great army may received by German caverage and sequence of the country. The fea able veracity told me the worst be is an eyewitness to the following and store have he distance of the following and the Must was as follows:

"Excellency:

"Is Majesty, the King of the Belsand Nearhespen, August 19, 11 and 12. An old man had alize a distance of the country of the committeed by German caverage and sections of the country. The fea able veracity told me the worst be is an eyewitness to the following and the committeed by German caverage and sequence of the following and the Must as special mission to the President of the United States.

"Let me say to you how much we feel ourselves honored to have been called to express the sentiments of our survey of the common wealth."

"And the fine of the country of the country of the fellowing alley at Orsman caverage and Nearhespen, August 19, 11 and 12. An old man had alized.

"Let me say to you how much we feel ourselves honored to have been called to express the sentiments of our survey and survey in the country of the country. The fea able veracity told me the worst be attroctive during the first atroctives committeed by German caverage and sequence and to me the versity told me the worst be attroctive during the first atroctive committeed by German caverage and sequence and burned alive yreaded and o

#### BEHAVIOR OF GERMANS FOUND MOST EXEMPLARY

Savagery or Wanton Destruction by Kaiser's Soldiers.

Who Trav Many Days O Battlefields, Finds Accusations Wanout Foundation.

WASHINGTON, September 16 .- A re- NEW YORK, September 16 .- An As-

ditch, where they afterwards were into one of the myths which have ac-

By this victory of the allied forces, the Germans are compelled to accept but one of near compelled to accept but one of near compelled to accept but one of near terms. This is in the any of the allies, and the progress of the lattice of the allies and commander of the content of the progress of the lattice of the progress of the lattice of the allies, and the progress of the lattice of the content of the co an. Them. An eye witness of unimpeach able veracity told me the worst be-

in behind the French line to aid the now fatigued, but still enthusiastically zealous allies on the first line, india troops to the number of 70,000 (estimated), brought from the south of Asia at India's expense to re-inforce the British lines are now on the way to the seat of war, according to advices to Sir John French from the British War Office. Indeed, if the policy of de-(Continued on Second Page.)

dignity of the Commonwealth.

"As far as 1 am concerned, 1 have already been able, during a previous trip, to fully appreciate the noble virging a previous trip, to fully appreciate the noble virging and 1 am concerned, 1 have already been able, during a previous trip, to fully appreciate the noble virging the strip, to fully appreciate the noble virging the strip, to fully appreciate the noble virging the strip, to fully appreciate the noble virging the strip, to fully appreciate the noble virging the fully appreciate the noble virging the fully appreciate the noble virging to fully appreciate the noble virging the fully appreciate the noble virging to fully appreciate the noble virging to fully appreciate the noble virging the fully appreciate the noble virging to fully appreciate the noble virging to fully appreciate the noble virging the fully appreciate the noble virging to fully appreciate the no

#### UNITED STATE JOINS IN PROTEST OF POWERS

Report of Commission Appointed by Nowhere Has There Been Hint of Serves Formal Notice on Turkey Sir Llonel Carden Is Caustic in That Latter's Actions Are Strongly Disapproved.

Porte to Recede From Abrogation

of Capitulations and Treaties.

WASHINGTON, September 16 .- After sume of findings of the Belgian commission of inquiry, appointed by the American birth and antecedents, who
King of the Belgians to investigate alwas sent from the New York office, and correspondent, of a delay of several days, during which Lionel Carden, former British minister

quiesce in the action of the Ottoman safe, and whenever an officer so degovernment is based, and also reserves sires, he may turn a family out of its the right to make further representa-

terminate without the consent of the nations which are party to them.

Another phase was added to the Turkish situation to-day, when John R. Mott, international secretary of the Y. M. C. A., told President Wilson that the city, and are all the time trying to get into town. But this is only an instance."

The Zapatistas, wild, roaming bands of brigands, every few days assault the waterworks of Mexico City, which are only thirty-five minutes' ride from the city, and are all the time trying to get into town. But this is only an instance." American missionaries and school teachers attached to the various mis sions and colleges in European Turkey. Mr. Mott suggested to the President the advisability of sending an American guard the interests of American cit-

There are at present two American ships of war in or near Turkish waters, the North Carolina, which is coaling at Brindi, preparatory to a trip to American stationship at Constantinople. Under her present orders, the North Carolina will return to the United States, after transferring funds to the

RUEGER'S-Music in the Grill every evening S P. M. to 12 P. M., rain or shine, Garvey's Orchestra. Oysters now in season,

# HE CALLS EVACUATION

Criticism of Withdrawal of Troops From Mexico.

GRUESOME STORIES RELATED WILD REPORTS ARE UNTRUE ENERGETIC NOTE IS SENT FEARS REIGN OF ANARCHY

With Army for Stand of This Country May Cause | Hope for Decent People Under, Rule of Carranza-Mexico Celebrates Its Independence.

NEW YORK, September 16 .- Sir

MEXICO CITY. September 16.—A joint celebration of the one hundredth and fourth anniversary of Mexico's declaration of independence against OVER EVACUATION Cruz by American military forces Wilson was held in this city to-day.

unidnight by General Carranza in person, who cried "Grito" from the bal-cony of the National Palace, which

son, who cried "Grito" from the bal-cons of the National Palace, which was followed instantly by cheers from at least 30,000 throats. at least 50,000 throats.

Pamphlets were then thrown thous from

Continued On Ninth Page.)

#### INVADERS, AT BAY, **GIVING BATTLE TO** PURSUING ALLIES

Germans Choose Ground North of River Aisne to Make Stand.

NOW MORE THAN 70 MILES FROM "GATES OF PARIS"

Realize Necessity of Holding Present Positions to Cover Lines of Retreat.

WAR LOSSES ARE STAGGERING

Neither Side Has Attempted to Estimate Its Slain, Wounded and Captured.

#### Germans and Allies Again Face to Face

The German and allied armies The German and allied armies again are facing each other on a long, alightly curved line stretching from Noyon, in the west, to the Argonne forest, on the east, and then across the Meuse to the southwest in the direction of the German forters of Netz a discusse of

then across the Meuse to the southwest in the direction of the German fortress of Metz, a distance of
nearly 200 miles.

Itear guard actions have been
fought during the past two days,
with the Germans disputing every
inch of territory until their armies
again should get into alignment to
oppose the alilies. All reports indicate that these actions have been
severe, but they are considered of
minor importance in comparison
with the great battle of the Marne
and the new battle which threatens.

Regarding present operations, the
official statement issued by the
French government is meagre. Genceral headquarters at the front has
sent to Paris no new details of late
fighting, and Paris officials draw no
inference, for publication at least,
from the course of events in the
battle which has lasted several
days. It is stated, however, that
the allies have not weakened on any
position.

the allies have not weakened on any position.

The British official press bureau quotes Russian official sources as authority for the statement that the rout of the Austrian army in Gallela is complete. The Austrians are estimated to have lost 250,000 men in killed and wounded and 100,000 men and 400 guns endured. In this comand 400 guns captured. In this com-munication the failure of the ter-man effort to save the Austrian army is noted, and the termans are said

to have lost many pieces The Russian general, Rennen-kampff, who is conducting opera-tions in East Prussia, recently has found himself in a daugerous posi-tion, and has fallen back to Russian fortresses on the Russian frontier. The Germans, under General von Hindenburg, are reported to be fullowing up their advantage with the hope of dealing the Russians a heavy blow before they can be re-

Sir Maurice de Bunsen, recently British ambassador at Vicana, in a report dealing with the rupture of diplomatic relations with Austria, declares Austria and Russia had about reached an agreement on the Austro-Servian dispute when matter became one of discussion between Germany and Russia, and on July 31 Germany sent an ultimatum to St. Petersburg and Paris, following this quickly with a declaration of war on the two countries. "A few days' delay," says the am-

bassador, "in all probability, might greatest calamities in history." The British submarate E 9 has reached Harvich, after having tor-pedoed the German cruiser Hela off Helgoland. The cruiser went down.

most of her officers and crew LONDON, September 17 (3:35 A. M.)-The German right wing is encircled by the allies, according to an Amiens dis-

patch to the Daily News.

LONDON, September 16 .- The German army, which less than a fortnight ago was at the "gates of Paris," and the right wing of which then extended southeast of the French capital, tonight is drawn up on almost a straight, line, extending from the neighborhood of Noyon in the west, to Boisferges on the Meuse, north of Verdun, with its

the allies

Germans intend to give battle on this line, with the River Aisne in front of their right, the hills of Rheims facing their centre, and the mountains and forest of Argonne on their left. They went back steadily before the French chich had been ordered by President guard actions until their rightsin com-The greatest enthuslasm prevailed everywhere, especially among the Corstitutionalist soldiers, who gave themesives over to feasting and the burning of gunpowder.

The celebration was launched at midnight by General Carranza in peropportunity to rest and prepare tions from which they could resi tacks from the allies, and in which